

# 3<sup>rd</sup> EHF Referee Candidates Course



26<sup>th</sup> –30<sup>th</sup> March 2008 in Lagoa-Algarve, Portugal



# Hosting City Lagoa



Somewhere between 1242
and 1246 the Moors took
possession of this then
small-fortified hamlet
and placed it under the
control of nearby Silves.
The location was later
formally declared a town
only to be severely destroyed
by the earthquake of 1755. It
was in this town in 1797 that the
notorious bandit José Joaquim Sousa

Reis known as Remexido was born. Commanding a fierce band of followers his acts are recoded as being a mixture of good and bad legends. Most of the Algarve and also to the north in the neighbouring Alentejo district suffered by his band of brigands. He died before a firing squad in Faro in 1838. The town of Lagoa has since grown as an administrative town for the area that lived off in the past its abundant agricultural produce.

## **Lagoa - Description**

Within the town are a number of long buildings with double doors that open into courtyards, off which more than just a large storeroom can be found as it will often be the home of some rich landowner. The produce was dependent on the time of year and could be from carob beans to topsoil vegetable products. On the outskirts of the town used to be an active cooperative for the owners of vineyards that are still produce a small quantity of full bodied red wine. This reduction has been seriously effected by the demise of vineyards over recent years as their owners have found a new "pot of gold" by selling their land as building plots.

The parish church was inaugurated in 1814 but there is the older church, the Igreja de Misericórdia that dates from the middle of the 18th Century. Another building of interest is the Convento do São José which was built in 1713 and survived the earthquake of 1755. It is now used by the local Council as a location for art exhibitions and has a small theatre for cultural events. Inside is a turn-box door which was in previous times used for passing unwanted babies to the nuns. The mother would place the baby and any small possessions on a shelf in the box and communicate through a small

aperture with the nun on the other side. The revolving door delivered the baby to the nuns without the mother having to disclose her identity.

In August of every year an important commercial and rural produce Fair named Fatacil is held in the town, exhibiting products from all over Portugal. The occasion provides an excuse for enjoyment and national bands and singers entertain the visitors late into the night.

#### Lagoa - Nearby Locations

The nearby town of Estombar has a history dating further back to when the Moors occupied the Algarve. It was the home of the famous 11th Century Arab poet "Ibn Ammar". Many local legends exist and there are reputed to be subterranean passages from near this town going inland for about 12 Kms. to the ancient Moorish capital of Silves. Near to Estombar is an area named Sítio de Fontes that has for centuries been a popular swimming spot due to two freshwater springs that provide a small lagoon

prior to joining the Rio Arade. The authorities have now created at this attractive area an open space for performing plays and general picnicking.

To the south of the Lagoa is the once small fishing village of Carvoeiro that today is an area of expensive villas, comfortable holiday apartments and golf courses. To the east is the small and attractive village of Porches that dates back to the Roman period. Unfortunately, the earthquake of 1755 destroyed its ancient castle and also the original parish church that is believed to date to the 16th Century.

To the west of Lagoa on the edge of the river, Rio Arade, opposite the town of Portimão is the small town of Ferragudo. Romantically said to have once been the home of local pirates this place has retained much of its Portuguese flavour, and as yet, it has not been too influenced by tourism. During the summer on weekend evenings the main square is filled with the sound of music and laughter as the locals and tourists dance the night away.



#### **Course Accommodation & Venue**

Resort Boca do Rio Mexilhoeira da Carregacao P-8400 – 147 Estombar Lagoa – Algarve

Tel: +351 282 402 500 Fax: +351 282 402 510

E-Mail: info@bocadorioresort.com website: www.bocadorioresort.com/en/

### **POR Federation/Local Organiser Contact**

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www.fpa.pt

### **EHF Organiser/Inquiry Contact**

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## INTERNATIONAL WOMEN'S TOURNAMENT OF LAGOA

## 26-30 MARCH 2008 (Lagoa, Algarve)

PARTICIPATING TEAMS
GROUP A: PORTUGAL • ICELAND • CHINA
GROUP B: NORWAY • BRAZIL • TURKEY

#### Officials Hotel:

RESORT BOCA DO RIO MEXILHOEIRA DA CARREGAÇÃO LAGOA

Tel + 351 282 402 500 Fax + 351 282 402 510 http://www.bocadorioresort.com/en/

#### Teams Hotel:

HOTEL COLINA DA LAPA SESMARIAS LAGOA

http://hoteis.hotelopia.pt/portugal/algarve/hotel-colina-da-lapa.html

Nearest Airport: Faro International Airport

#### Schedule:

#### 25 March

Arrival of the teams

#### 26 March

16.00 – ISL – BRA (non official match) 18.00 – NOR – TUR

20.00 - POR - CHN

#### 27 March

16.00 – POR – NOR (non official match)

18.00 – ISL – CHN 20.00 – TUR – BRA

## 28 March

**Rest Day** 

#### 29 March

15.00 - POR - ISL (TV TRANSMISSION)

17.00 – NOR – BRA

19.00 – CHN – TUR (non official match)

#### 30 March

13.00 - 5-6 or 3 - 4

15.30 TV transmission (Match with Portugal)

17.30 – 3 -4 or Final

#### 31 March

Departure of the teams

## Course Basics

It is the third Referee Candidates course held by the EHF within the season 2007/08. The first one took place in Zaporozhe/UKR (August/September 2007) and the second one in Rotterdam/NED from 17-21 October 2007 (parallel with a course for EHF delegates). The course which will be held during the period 26-30 March 2008 in Lagoa-Algarve/POR is open to a maximum of 6 pairs and is carried out in connection with a tournament for women's national teams of top level (BRA, CHN, ISL, NOR, POR and TUR). The tournament consists of 12 matches (2 games per referee pair).

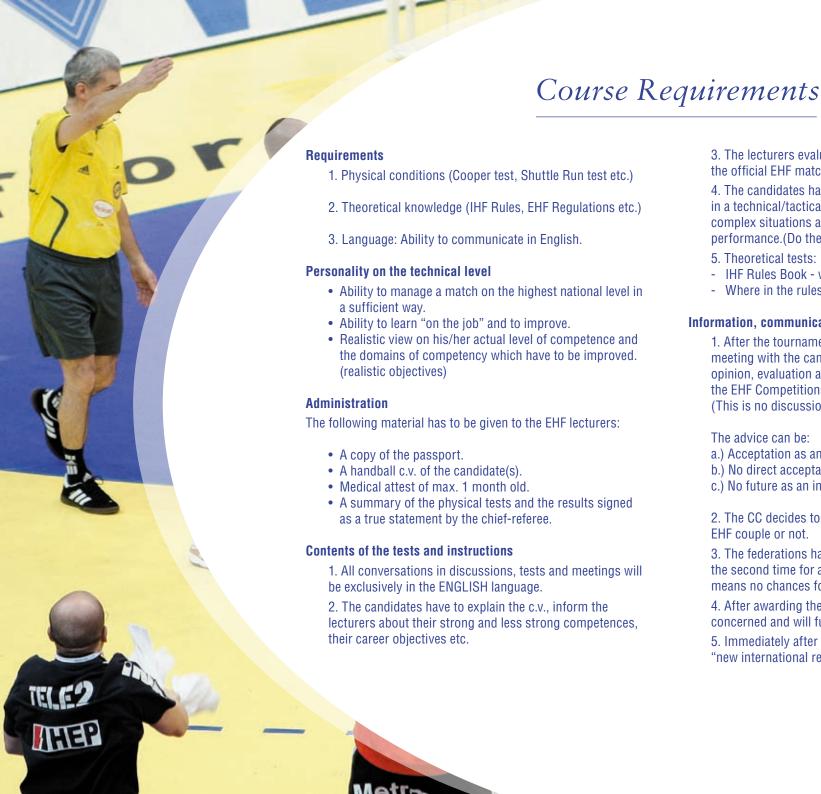
## *Finances*

The responsibility for organisational matters is with the organising federation. They are responsible concerning the local costs such as food, accommodation and local transport. Daily allowances and flight costs for the EHF lecturers will be borne by the EHF.

Travel costs of the referees have to be borne by the participants themselves or their federations.







- 3. The lecturers evaluate the respective matches, using also
- 4. The candidates have to evaluate the matches too, both in a technical/tactical way, their behavior in standard and more complex situations and an overall impression of their performance.(Do they have a realistic view?)
- 5. Theoretical tests:

the official EHF match report.

- IHF Rules Book written test: 30 questions
- Where in the rules it is written...? 10 sentences

#### Information, communication etc. after the matches/tournament

1. After the tournament, the lecturers will have a final meeting with the candidates and inform them about their opinion, evaluation and the results as well as their advice to the EHF Competitions Commission / CC. (This is no discussion meeting!)

The advice can be:

- a.) Acceptation as an EHF couple.
- b.) No direct acceptation, but advice to attend an EHF course.
- c.) No future as an international couple.
- 2. The CC decides to award the couple with the status of an EHF couple or not.
- 3. The federations have the right to candidate the couples for the second time for an EHF course. Failing for the second time means no chances for an international career anymore.
- 4. After awarding the EHF office will inform the federation concerned and will fulfill the necessary formalities.
- 5. Immediately after the formalities the EHF can nominate the "new international referees" in European competitions.

